Rutland Woking (Carthouse Lane) Limited

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended

31 December 2014

Rutland Woking (Carthouse Lane) Limited COMPANY INFORMATION

DIRECTORS

JAC McAllister RN Morgan ML Riggs RJ Kingsbury

SECRETARY

J P Riddings

COMPANY NUMBER

07621357

REGISTERED OFFICE

Dunsfold Park Stovolds Hill Cranleigh Surrey GU6 8TB

AUDITOR

Baker Tilly UK Audit LLP Chartered Accountants 3rd Floor One London Square Cross Lanes Guildford Surrey GU1 IUN

Rutland Woking (Carthouse Lane) Limited DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company was that of property development

DIRECTORS

The following directors have held office since 1 January 2014:-

J A C McAllister R N Morgan M L Riggs R J Kingsbury

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

	2014	2013
	£	£
During the year the company made the following payments:		
Charitable donations	-	115,000

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

The directors who were in office on the date of approval of these financial statements have confirmed that, as far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor is unaware. Each of the directors have confirmed that they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that it has been communicated to the auditor.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

JAC McAllister Director

706-1

2015

Rutland Woking (Carthouse Lane) Limited DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- a. select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- b. make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business;

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF RUTLAND WOKING (CARTHOUSE LANE) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 10. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As more fully explained in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at http://www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2014 and of its profit for the year then
 ended:
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements,

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report or in preparing the directors' report.

CHRISTOPHER HURREN FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of BAKER TILLY UK AUDIT LLP, Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants
3rd Floor
One London Square
Cross Lanes
Guildford
Surrey
GUI 1UN

27 JULY 2015

Rutland Woking (Carthouse Lane) Limited PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For the year ended 31 December 2014

	Notes	2014 £	2013 £
TURNOVER		1,910,242	3,021,102
Cost of sales		(1,087,730)	(1,792,561)
GROSS PROFIT		822,512	1,228,541
Other operating expenses	1	(22,918)	(146,897)
OPERATING PROFIT		799,594	1,081,644
Investment income		4,222	915
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	2	803,816	1,082,559
Taxation	3	(177,140)	(236,094)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION	7	626,676	846,465

The operating profit is derived from the company's continuing operations.

No separate Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses has been presented as all such gains and losses have been dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

Rutland Woking (Carthouse Lane) Limited

BALANCE SHEET (Company Registration Number: 07621357)

As at 31 December 2014

	Notes	2014 £	2013 £
CURRENT ASSETS			1 041 100
Stock Debtors	4	1,427,069	1,041,188 79,506
Cash at bank and in hand	7	92,078	41,354
		1,519,147	1,162,048
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	5	(214,847)	(284,424)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,304,300	877,624
NET ASSETS		1,304,300	877,624
			
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	6	2	2
Profit and loss account	7	1,304,298	877,622
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	8	1,304,300	877,624

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements on pages 5 to 10 were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 2015 and are signed on its behalf by:

R N Morgan

Director

Rutland Woking (Carthouse Lane) Limited

Financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), which have been applied consistently.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

The company has taken advantage of the small company exemption from preparing a cash flow statement under the terms of FRS1.

TURNOVER

Turnover represents the invoiced value, net of Value Added Tax, of goods sold and services provided to customers outside the group and, in the case of long term contracts, credit is taken to appropriate the stage of completion when the outcome of the contract can be assessed with reasonable certainty.

Rental income is recognised in the period to which the rental income relates.

STOCK AND WORK IN PROGRESS

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of finished goods and work in progress includes overheads appropriate to the stage of manufacture. Net realisable value is based upon estimated selling price less further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal. Provision is made for obsolete and slow-moving items.

Long term contracts are assessed on a contract by contract basis and reflected in the profit and loss account by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses. Turnover is ascertained in a manner appropriate to the stage of completion on the contract, and credit taken for profit earned to date when the outcome of the contract can be assessed with reasonable certainty. The amount by which turnover exceeds payments on account is classified as "amounts recoverable on contracts" and included in debtors; to the extent that payments on account exceed relevant turnover, the excess is included as a creditor. The amount of long term contracts, at cost net of amounts transferred to cost of sales, less provision for foreseeable losses and payments on account not matched with turnover, is included within stocks.

DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which that are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

Rutland Woking (Carthouse Lane) Limited NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2014

1.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES	2014 £	2013 £
	Administrative expenses	22,918	146,897
2.	PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	2014 £	2013 £
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging Auditor's remuneration	3,400	3,300
3.	TAXATION	2014 £	2013 £
	UK Corporation tax		
	Current tax on profit of the period Payment in respect of consortium relief Payment in respect of prior year	59,093 118,047	236,904
	Current tax charge	177,140	236,904
	Factors affecting tax charge for the year The tax assessed for the year is lower than the rate of corporation tax of 21.49% (2013: 23%) as explained below: Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	803,816	1,082,559
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by the rate of UK corporation tax of 21.49% (2013: 23%)	172,740	248,989
	Effects of:	-	(10.005)
	Marginal rate relief Other adjustments	4,400	(12,895)
	Current tax charge	177,140	236,094
4.	DEBTORS	2014 £	2013 £
	Trade debtors	-	7,787
	Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors	1,425,122 1,947	65,000 6,719
		1,427,069	79,506

Rutland Woking (Carthouse Lane) Limited NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2014

5.	CREDITORS	2014	2013
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year:		0.14
	Trade creditors	45 400	2,447
	Other creditors	45,490 169,357	45,883
	Corporation tax	109,337	236,094
		214,847	284,424
6.	SHARE CAPITAL	2014	2013
		£	£
	Allotted, issued and called up: 2 ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2
7.	RESERVES		D C+ t
			Profit and loss account
			£
	1 January 2014		877,622
	Profit for the year		626,676
	Dividend paid		(200,000)
	31 December 2014		1,304,298
8.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN		
0.	SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	2014	2013
	SHARLHOLDERS TORDS	£	£ £
	Profit for the year	626,676	846,465
	Dividend paid	(200,000)	-
	Net addition to shareholders' funds	426,676	846,465
	Opening shareholders' funds	877,624	31,159
	Closing shareholders' funds	1,304,300	877,624

Rutland Woking (Carthouse Lane) Limited NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2014

9. CONTROL

The company is jointly controlled by Rutland Properties Limited and Thameswey Developments Limited.

10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

At the year end, the company had lent Rutland (Woking) Limited £1,425,122 (2013: £65,000).

During the prior year, the company purchased properties from Rutland (Cranleigh) Limited, a company in which JAC McAllister, a director had an interest, at an open market valuation of £2,700,000. All amounts were paid during the prior year.

In the prior year the company sold a property to Woking Borough Council, the owner of Thameswey Developments Ltd for £3,000,000. All amounts were paid during the prior year.

